## UNIVERSITY OF MORATUWA

## MSC/POSTGRADUATE DIPLOMA IN FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS

MA 5100 INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS THREE HOURS

September 2008
Answer FIVE questions and NO MORE.

## Question 1

(a) In finance, an efficient market is defined as one that allocates funds to the most productive use. Business Week recently surveyed 110 financial analysts who work for private manufacturing firms in the effort to sell their firms' securities, 42 felt markets were efficient, while 31 of 75 analysts who work for brokerage houses assisting in these sales agreed that markets were efficient. Test whether there appears to be a difference in the proportion of these two types of anlaysts who accept the concept of market efficiency at 5\% level of significance.
(b) As a marketing specialist for Federated department stores, you have been asked by your supervisor to prepare a 95 percent confidence interval for the difference in the mean revenues of stores in the South and those in the Midwest. In this effort, 75 stores in the South that you select at random report mean daily revenues of $\$ 1,125$ with a standard deviation of $\$ 213$, while 83 stores in the Midwest report daily mean revenues of $\$ 1,282$ with a standard deviation of $\$ 298$ Produce $95 \%$ confidence interval and the proper interpretation.

## Question 2

(a) The residents of a small town are worried about a rise in housing costs in the area. The mayor thinks that home prices fluctuate with land values. Data on 10 recently sold homes and the cost of the land on which they were built are shown in Table 1 in thousands of dollars. Identify the dependent and the independent variable. Find correlation between land value and building a
house. Construct and interpret the regression model. On this basis, does it appear that the mayor is correct?

TABLE 1

| Land Values | 7 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 3.7 | 5.9 | 3.8 | 8.9 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 10 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of the House | 67 | 63 | 60 | 54 | 58 | 36 | 76 | 87 | 89 | 92 |

(b) The results of a study by the American Marketing Association to determine the relationship between the importance store owners attach to advertising and the size of store they own are shown in Table 2. Would it seem that all store owners place the same emphasis on advertising? Set $\alpha=0.05$. State the hypotheses $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ and $\mathrm{H}_{1}$.

TABLE 2

| Size\| | Advertising |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Important | Not Important | No Opinion |
| Small | 20 | 52 | 32 |
| Medium | 53 | 47 | 28 |
| Large | 67 | 32 | 25 |

## Question 3

(a) Smile Bright sells toothpaste in 17 grams containers. Management expects overfills and underfills to be random. If they are not, management assumes something is wrong with the fill system, and shuts down the production line. Should the line be shut down if containers measured $16.8,18.2,17.3,17.5,16.3,17.4,16.1,16.9,17,18.1,17.3,16.2 .17 .3$, and 16.8 grams? [Hint: Take $\alpha=0.05$ ]
(b) Records kept by the American Association show that only 30 percent males get an annual medical exam. Dr. Hart, the local cardiologist, consults the records of seven of his patients. What is the probability he will find
(i) all seven has exams?
(ii) none have exams?
(iii) between one and three inclusive have exams?

## Question 4

A particular company produces electrical components utilizing three non-overlapping work shifts. It is observed that $50 \%, 30 \%$ and $20 \%$ of the components are produced during shift 1,2 and 3 respectively. Furthermore $6 \%, 10 \%$ and $8 \%$ components produced in shift 1,2 and 3 respectively are defective. Determine
(a) What percentage of all components is defective?
(b) Given that a defective component is found, what is the probability that is was produced during shift 3 ?
(c) If one shift has to be closed down which one should it be? What effect would it have on the overall defects to good prices ratio ?

## Question 5

(a) A new integrated computer system is to be installed worldwide for a major corporation. Bids on this project are being solicited, and the contract will be awarded to one of the bidders. As a part of the proposal for this project, bidders must specify how long the project will take. There will be a significant penalty for finishing late. One potential contractor determines that the average time to complete a project of this type is 40 weeks with a standard deviation of 5 weeks. The time required to complete this project is assumed to be normally distributed.
(i) If the due date of this project is set at 40 weeks, what is the probability that the contractor will have to pay a penalty (i.e., the project will not be finished on schedule)?
(ii) If the bidder wishes to set the due date in the proposal so that there is only a $5 \%$ chance of being late (and consequently only a 5\% chance of having to pay a penalty), what due date should be set?
(b) Suppose that a radio contains six transistors, two of which are defective. Three transistors are selected at random, removed from the radio, and inspected. Let $Y$ equal the number of defectives observed, where $\mathrm{Y}=0,1$, or 2 . Find the probability distribution for Y . Express your results graphically as a probability histogram.

## Question 6

(a) From a group of three Republicans, two Democrats, and one Independent, a committee of two people is to be randomly selected. Let $\mathrm{Y}_{1}$ denote the number of Republicans and $\mathrm{Y}_{2}$ the number of Democrats on the committee. Show that joint probabilities of Y 1 and $\mathrm{Y}_{2}$ could be computed as in Table 3.

Table 3

|  |  | $\mathrm{Y}_{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Y1 |  | 0 | 1 | 2 | Total |
|  | 0 | 0 | $3 / 15$ | $3 / 15$ | $6 / 15$ |
|  | 1 | $2 / 15$ | $6 / 15$ | 0 | $8 / 15$ |
|  | 2 | $1 / 15$ | 0 | 0 | $1 / 15$ |
| Total |  | $3 / 15$ | $9 / 15$ | $3 / 15$ | 1 |

(i) Find marginal distribution of $\mathrm{Y}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{Y}_{2}$.
(ii) Find covariance between $\mathrm{Y}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{Y}_{2}$.
(iii) Find the probability that $\mathrm{p}\left(\mathrm{Y}_{1} \leq 1\right)$.
(b) Eleven school boys were given a test drawing without any tuition and after months' tuition. A test of equal difficulty was held at both occasions. Do the marks as shown in Table 4, give evidence that the students have benefited by extra coaching?

TABLE 4

| Boys | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Marks Test 1 | 23 | 20 | 19 | 21 | 18 | 20 | 18 | 17 | 23 | 16 | 19 |
| Marks Test 2 | 24 | 19 | 22 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 20 | 20 | 23 | 20 | 17 |

## Question 7

TABLE 5

| Outcome | New drilling operation |  |  | Existing operation |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Probability | Expected revenue <br> (Rs. million) | Probability | Expected revenue <br> (Rs. million) |  |
| Success | 0.75 | 800 | 0.85 | 700 |  |
| Failure | 0.25 | 200 | 0.15 | 250 |  |

The Oil India Corporation (OIC) is considering whether to go for an offshore oil drilling contract to be awarded in Sri Lanka. If the bid value would be Rs. 600 million with a $65 \%$ chance of gaining the contract, they may set up a new drilling operation or move already existing operation which has proved successful, to the new site. The probability of success and expected returns are as shown in Table 5;

If the corporation do not bid or lose the contract, they can use the Rs. 600 million to modernize their operation. This would result in a return of either $5 \%$ or $8 \%$ on the sum invested with probabilities of 0.45 and 0.55 . Assume that all costs and revenues have been discounted to the present value.
(i) Construct a decision tree for the problem showing clearly the course of action.
(ii) By applying an appropriate decision criteria recommend whether or not the Oil India Corporation should bid the contract.
(iii) What would be the financial return if they bid?

## Question 8

(a) The manufacture of colour television sets offers one year warranty of free replacement if the picture tube fails. He estimates the time to failure T is years to be a random variable wish the following probability density function

$$
f(t)=\frac{1}{4} e^{-\frac{1}{4} t} \quad t>0
$$

(i) What percentage of the sets will we have to service?
(ii) If the profit per sale is Rs, 2000 and the replacement of a picture tube costs Rs, 200, fund the expected profit per sale.
(b) Suppose that a unit of mineral ore contains a proportion $\mathrm{Y}_{1}$ of metal A and a proportion $\mathrm{Y}_{2}$ of metal B. Experience has shown that the joint probability density function of $\left(y_{1}, y_{2}\right)$ is uniform over the region $0 \leq y_{1} \leq 1,0 \leq y_{2} \leq 1,0 \leq y_{1}+y_{2} \leq 1$, . Let $U=Y_{1}+Y_{2}$, the proportion of metals A and B per unit.
(i) Find the probability density function for U .
(ii) Find $\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{U})$ by using the answer to part (a).
(iii) Find $\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{U})$ by using only the marginal densities of $\mathrm{Y}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{Y}_{2}$.

