

**Question:** Consider the following table

$x_k$	$f(x_k)$	$f'(x_k)$
1	2	0
2	3	1
4	6	2
5	7	0

- 1) Find a polynomial that passes through the points  $(x_k, f(x_k))$ .
- 2) Find a polynomial that passes through the points  $(x_k, f(x_k))$  and agrees with  $f'(x_k)$ .
- 3) Find a piecewise polynomial that passes through the points  $(x_k, f(x_k))$  such that  $f'(x_k)$  exists and  $f''(x_0) = f''(x_n) = 0$
- 4) Find a degree 2 polynomial  $p_2(x)$  such that the sum of square error  $\sum_{k=0}^n (f(x_k) - p_2(x_k))^2$  is minimized.

**Theorem: Lagrange Interpolation**

$$L(x) = \sum_{k=0}^n f(x_k) L_k(x)$$

**Theorem: Hermite Interpolation**

$$H(x) = \sum_{k=0}^n f(x_k) (1 - 2(x - x_k) L_k'(x)) L_k^2(x) + \sum_{k=0}^n f'(x_k) (x - x_k) L_k^2(x)$$

**Theorem: Cubic Spline Interpolation**

$$C(x) = \left( \frac{(x_{k+1}-x)((x_{k+1}-x)^2 - (x_{k+1}-x_k)^2)}{6(x_{k+1}-x_k)} \right) f''(x_k) + \left( \frac{(x-x_k)((x-x_k)^2 - (x_{k+1}-x_k)^2)}{6(x_{k+1}-x_k)} \right) f''(x_{k+1}) \\ + \left( \frac{x_{k+1}-x}{x_{k+1}-x_k} \right) f(x_k) + \left( \frac{x-x_k}{x_{k+1}-x_k} \right) f(x_{k+1})$$